

1. General

- 1.1 This document is addressed to all collectors/transporters and disposers of glass, hereinafter referred to as "suppliers", who supply glass to Maltha Groep B.V., hereinafter referred to as "Maltha". This describes the conditions that **Flat glass** must meet in order to be accepted by Maltha.
- 1.2 Maltha assesses the incoming flat glass for contamination and type. The degree of contamination should be as small as possible and different types of flat glass should be mixed as little as possible. Maltha will determine whether glass is accepted on the basis of the acceptance procedure.
- 1.3 Under the term **contamination** falls all material that is not recyclable flat glass, including:
 - <u>Ceramic, stone and porcelain (CSP)</u> from e.g. gravel, bricks and tiles.
 - Paper/wood, including newspapers, booklets, cardboard, frames and construction waste.
 - <u>Bitumen-like materials</u>, including sealant and pitch.
 - <u>Plastic</u> from e.g. window sills, strips and beakers.
 - <u>Metals, both ferrous and non-ferrous,</u> from e.g. window sills, frames, mouldings and metal strips.
 - <u>Heat-resistant glass</u>, including heat-resistant laboratory glass, baking dishes, cooktops and stove windows.
 - Pressure vessels such as nitrous oxide cylinders.
 - <u>Bottle glass and lamp glass</u>, such as container glass (packaging glass), lamp glass and fluorescent tubes.
 - <u>Residual waste</u>, such as house and garden waste, silicone beads and adhesive.
 - <u>Other contaminants</u>, such as sand, earth, mud and street sweepings.

These substances do not belong in glass intended for recycling² and must be handed in to the environmental park/collector as industrial waste and may not be placed in or with the glass.

Loads that are assessed by Maltha as contaminated are put in the "reject" category. Loads that are no longer recyclable, or from which no more glass can be made, must be taken back immediately. In some cases, rejected glass can be accepted as being 'contamination'. However, other rates will apply for this than for glass waste.

If there is too much moisture in a load, Maltha reserves the right to reweigh a load. The excess of moisture will be deducted from the weight.

1.4 Heat resistance Glass

Only 1 piece of HR glass may be found per 10 tons of glass. In practice, this means that there may be a maximum of 1 piece in 1 container and a maximum of 3 pieces in 1 trailer. If this is exceeded, a <u>resolute</u> rejection follows.

1.5 Complete overview list Category / Description

CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION
Blank float	Clean blank flat glass (industrial)
Mixed Flat glass	Clean flat glassMiscellaneous colours

¹ The following companies belong to the Maltha Groep BV: Maltha Glasrecycling Nederland BV, Maltha Glassrecycling International BV, Glasrecycling Noordoost-Nederland BV and Maltha Glasrecyclage Belgie BVBA.

² Unless expressly stated in these conditions of acceptance or other agreement with Maltha.



1.6 Complete overview list Category / Description

CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION
Greenhouse Glass	 Flat glass coming from greenhouses and conservatories
Mirror Glass	 Flat glass coming from mirrors
Insulating Glass	 Double-glazed windows "contaminated" with spacers
Car Window Glass	LaminatedUnlaminated
Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass	 Laminated flat glass Flat glass containing interwoven metal wires Various colours
Combination glass	 Mix of various types of flat glass
Armoured glass	Thick, extra-protected glass
Contaminated flat glass	 Seriously contaminated with contaminations named under 1.3
Table glass	Wine glassesDrinking glassesGlass dishes
Perfume bottles	Glass perfume bottles

2. Types of Flat Glass

Blank Float : Clean Blank flat Glass	
Allowed Not Allowed	
Clean blank flat glass (industrial)	Substances described under 1.3
 Blank flat glass with transparent soft coatings3 ³ 	Mixed or coated flat glass
	Mirror glass
	Wire-reinforced and laminated glass
	Insulating glass and laminated insulating glass
	Sealant, putty and other fastening materials

3 Coatings can cause problems for the re-use of the glass cullet. This obliges Maltha to study each coating for its



Mixed Flat Glass : Clean colored flat glass	
Allowed Not Allowed	
Clean blank flat glass (industrial)	Substances described under 1.3
 Blank flat glass with transparent soft coatings ³ 	Sealant, putty and other fastening materials
	Mirror glass
	Wire-reinforced and laminated glass
	Insulating glass and laminated insulating glass

Greenhouse Glass: Flat glass coming from greenhouses or conservatories	
Allowed	Not Allowed
Clean blank flat glass (industrial)	Substances described under 1.3
 Blank flat glass with transparent soft coatings3 ³ 	Mixed or coated flat glass
	Mirror glass
	Wire-reinforced and laminated glass
	Insulating glass and laminated insulating glass
	Sealant, putty and other fastening materials

Mirror Glass: Flat Glass coming from mirrors			
Allowed Not All		Allowed	
•	Mirrors	•	Substances described under 1.3
•	Blank / mixed glass (Colored flat glass)	•	Wire-reinforced and laminated glass
		•	Insulating glass and laminated insulating glass
		•	Sealant, putty and other fastening materials

Insulating glass	
Allowed	Not Allowed
Insulating glass	Substances described under 1.3
Spacer of the double-glazing	Mirror glass
Mixed flat Glass	laminated insulating glass
Soft coatings	Wire-reinforced and laminated glass

Car window glass: Maltha distinguishes between laminated and unlaminated car windows. The two types have different compensations. Laminated car windows are described under Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass

reinforced and/or laminated glass	
Allowed	Not Allowed
Laminated car windows	Substances described under 1.3
	Mirror glass
	Wire-reinforced and laminated glass



Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass: Laminated glass or flat glass (with metal wires)	
Allowed	Not Allowed
Blank and colored laminated glass	Substances described under 1.3
 Blank and colored wire-reinforced glass 	Mirror glass
Armoured glass	

Combination Glass: Mix of various types of flat glass	
Allowed	Not Allowed
 Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass 	Substances described under 1.3
 Mixed flat glass 	
(Laminated) insulating glass	
Spacer of the double-glazing	
Soft Coatings	
Mirrors (on request)	

Table glass: Clean colored packaging glass from the industry.	
Allowed	Not Allowed
Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass	Substances described under 1.3
Mixed flat glass	Mirror glass
(Laminated) insulating glass	Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass
Spacer of the double-glazing	Insulating glass
Soft Coatings	Sealant, putty and other fastening materials
Mirrors (on request)	Food and liquids

Perfume bottle glass: Clean colored packaging glass from the industry.	
Allowed Not Allowed	
 Various colours of (clean) packaging glass 	Substances described under 1.3
Soft Coatings	Mirror glass
	Wire-reinforced and/or laminated glass
	Insulating glass
	Sealant, putty and other fastening materials
	Liquids (Perfume)

For further information on the terms of acceptance, please contact the Customer Care Department of Maltha by email: <u>customer.care@maltha.nl</u>

 $_{\rm 3}$ Coatings can cause problems for the re-use of the glass cullet. This obliges Maltha to study each coating for its recyclability.